

Georgia Institute of Technology

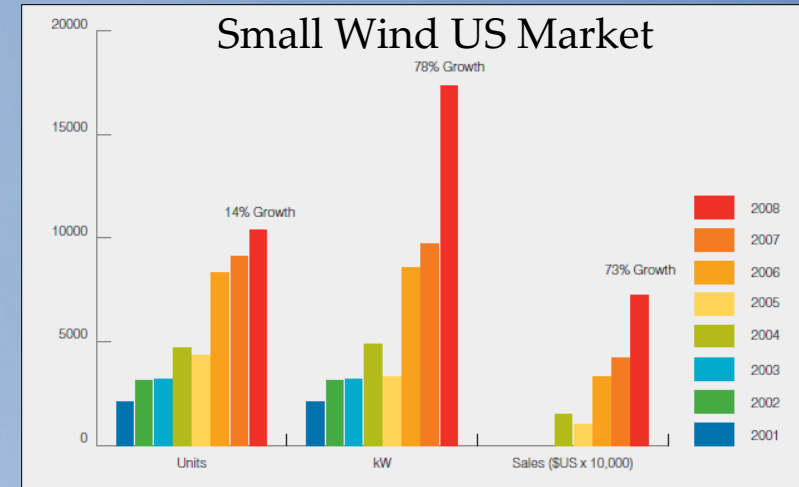
Small Wind Turbines Mounted to Existing Structures



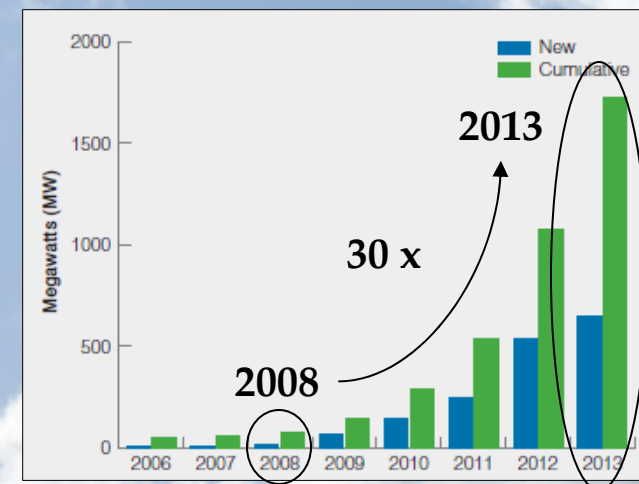
Partial Fulfillment of Masters Degree
Michael Duffy
May 4th, 2010

Small Wind Explosive Growth

- Small wind is defined as <100 kW
- The US market for small wind turbines was \$77 million in 2008
- Up 73% from 2007
- In 2008 the US Congress introduced a new 8 year 30% federal tax credit for small wind
- American Wind Energy Association (AWEA) predicts a 30 fold growth for small wind from 2008 to 2013



US Small Wind Installed Power



Ref. 1

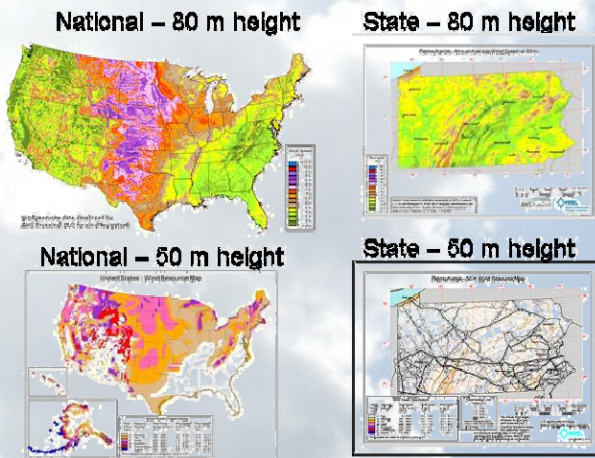
Current Urban Mounted Small Wind Turbines

- Urban mounted wind turbines have become very popular in recent years
- They do not require a large, dedicated pole
- Large poles comprises 40-50% of the small wind system cost
- Urban mounted wind turbines are easy to install
- However
 - Winds in urban areas are generally turbulent and hard to predict
 - Urban wind resources are scattered and hard to find
 - Studies have shown that small wind turbines mounted in urban areas have under performed their rural counterparts

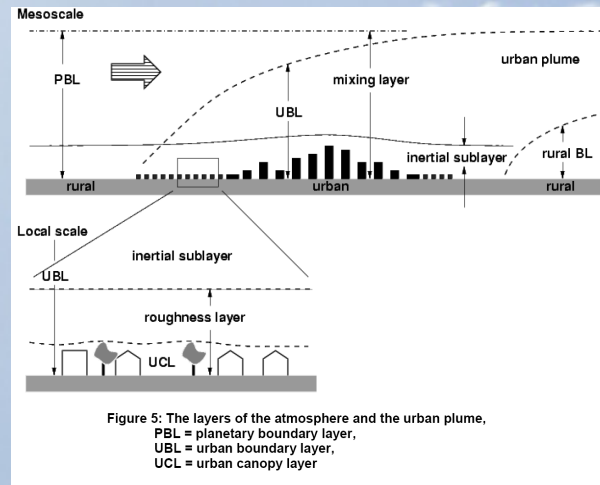


Current Wind Resources

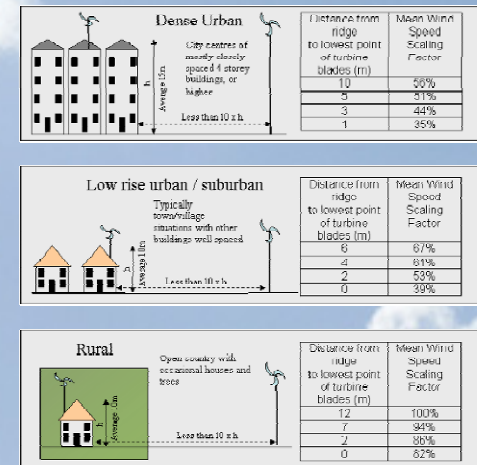
- Current wind speed database is tailored for larger wind turbines at 150-250 ft (>100 kW)
- Low wind speeds in urban areas are hard to predict because of the turbulent urban boundary layer
 - Correction factors for urban mounted wind turbines exist
 - Rules of thumb for mounting small wind turbines in urban areas exist
- Wind measurement is the only way to ensure viability for a given urban location



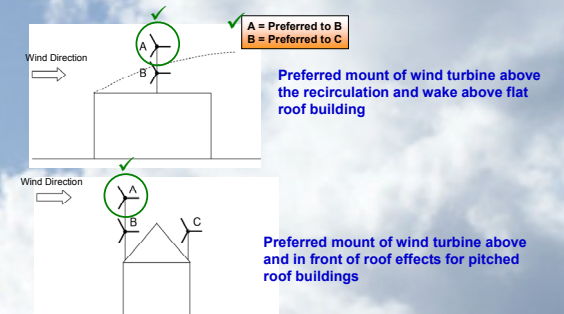
Wind measurement data:



Urban aerodynamics:



Correction factors:



Rules of thumb:

Current Wind Measurement

- Pole mounted wind anemometers gather wind speed/direction measurement data
- Raw data is stored and downloaded locally
- User has to analyze raw data on their own
- These systems are tailored for rural areas, typically requiring a large pole and guide wires
- Typical systems are expensive, costing from \$600-\$2,000
- This cost is justified for larger, more expensive wind turbines (+\$10K), but prohibitively high for lower cost urban mounted wind turbines (~\$2K)

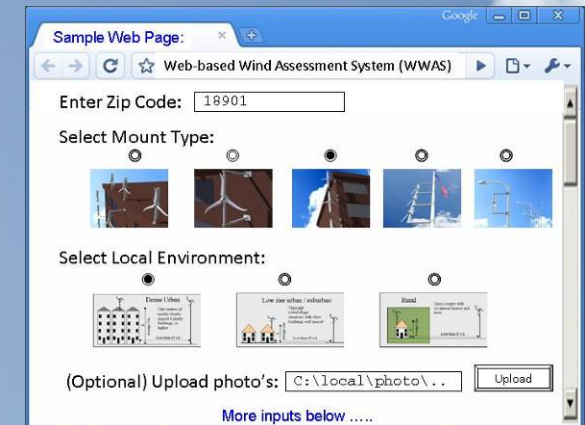


Ref. 7

Web-based Wind Assessment System (WWAS)

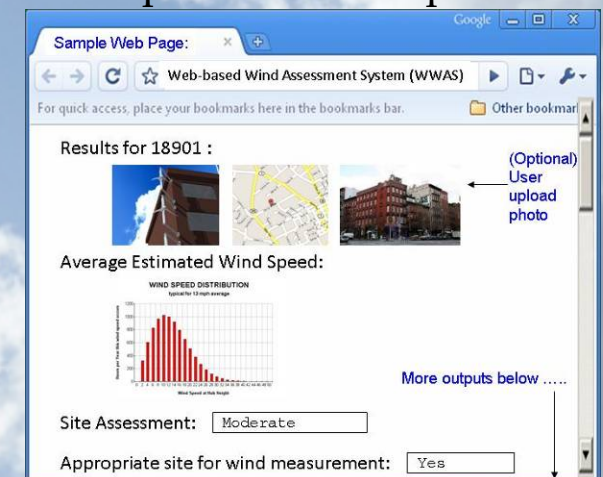
- Tailored for urban wind assessment
- Combines scattered resources into one location
- Website allows for user inputs: zip code, mount type, local environment, hub height, and upload photos of surrounding area
- WWAS algorithms correct data for height, local environment, and determine overall viability of location
- The WWAS makes an assessment about the sites viability
- Rent modular wind measurement system
- Data is collected and sent through a cellular network back to the WWAS website for data processing
- Data is analyzed for the user
- Presented to the user in a an easy to understand format

Sample WWAS input:



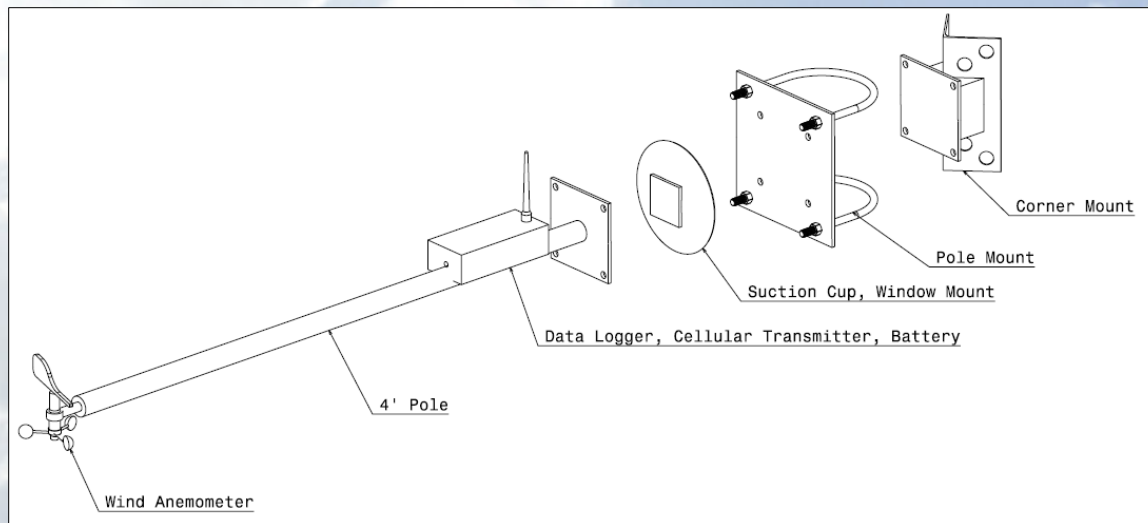
A screenshot of a web browser displaying the WWAS input form. The browser title is 'Sample Web Page: Web-based Wind Assessment System (WWAS)'. The form includes a text input for 'Enter Zip Code:' with the value '18901'. Below it is a 'Select Mount Type:' section with five radio buttons and corresponding images of different wind turbine configurations. The next section is 'Select Local Environment:' with three radio buttons and images representing 'Dense Urban', 'Low rise urban / industrial', and 'Rural'. At the bottom, there is an '(Optional) Upload photo's:' section with a file path 'C:\local\photo\...' and an 'Upload' button. A link 'More inputs below' is visible at the bottom of the form.

Sample WWAS output:



Modular Wind Measurement System

- Interchangeable mounting hardware allows the Modular Wind Measurement System to mount to various urban structures
- Power, transmitter, and instrumentation are self contained into one unit
- Data is sent through a cellular network and analyzed by the WWAS
- Rentable for a low monthly fee (\$30/month) compared to \$600-\$2,000 to buy

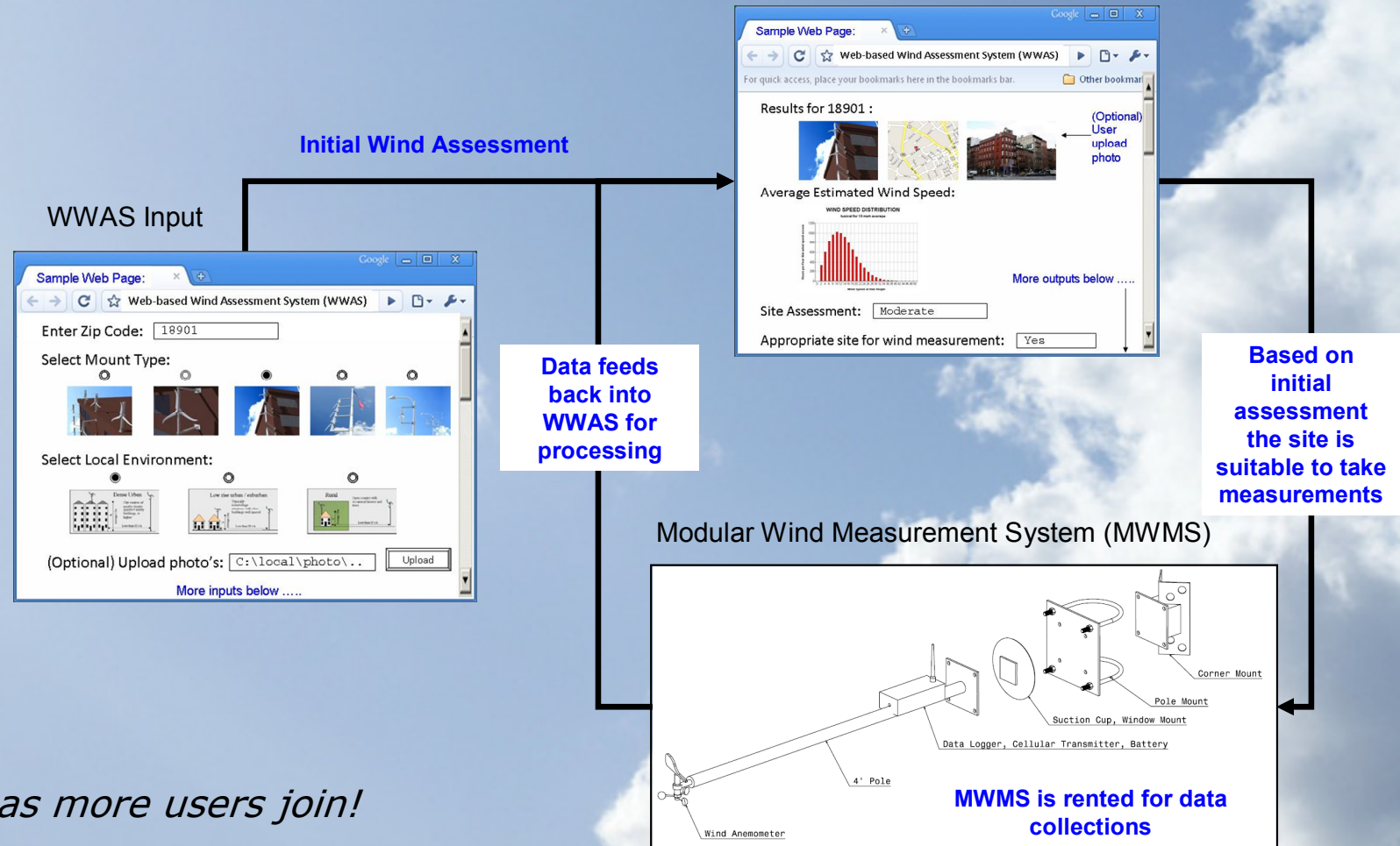


WWAS Architecture

- WWAS outputs:
 - Wind map showing surrounding resources
 - Predicted average wind speed
 - Predicted seasonal variance
 - Site viability for small wind
 - Should wind measurement system be rented
 - Wind measurement system rental cost
 - Estimated wind measurement duration (based on local seasonal data)
 - Projected Annual Energy Production (kWh)
 - Projected number of years for return on investment
 - Available local tax incentives
 - Local government installation requirements/ordinances for small wind turbines
 - Local installers

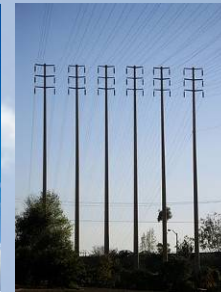
Database is refined overtime as more users join!

Web-based Wind Assessment System (WWAS) Output



Various Urban Structures Suitable for Small Wind Turbines

- Building corners, walls, roofs
- Bridge support structure
- Light poles
- Power line poles
- Flap poles
- Electrical towers
- Existing wind turbines

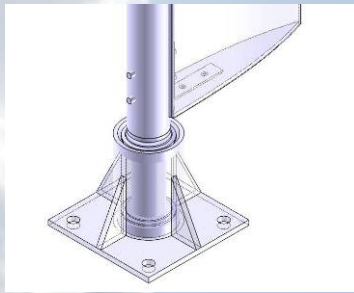


Need a small wind turbine design that can mount to various structures

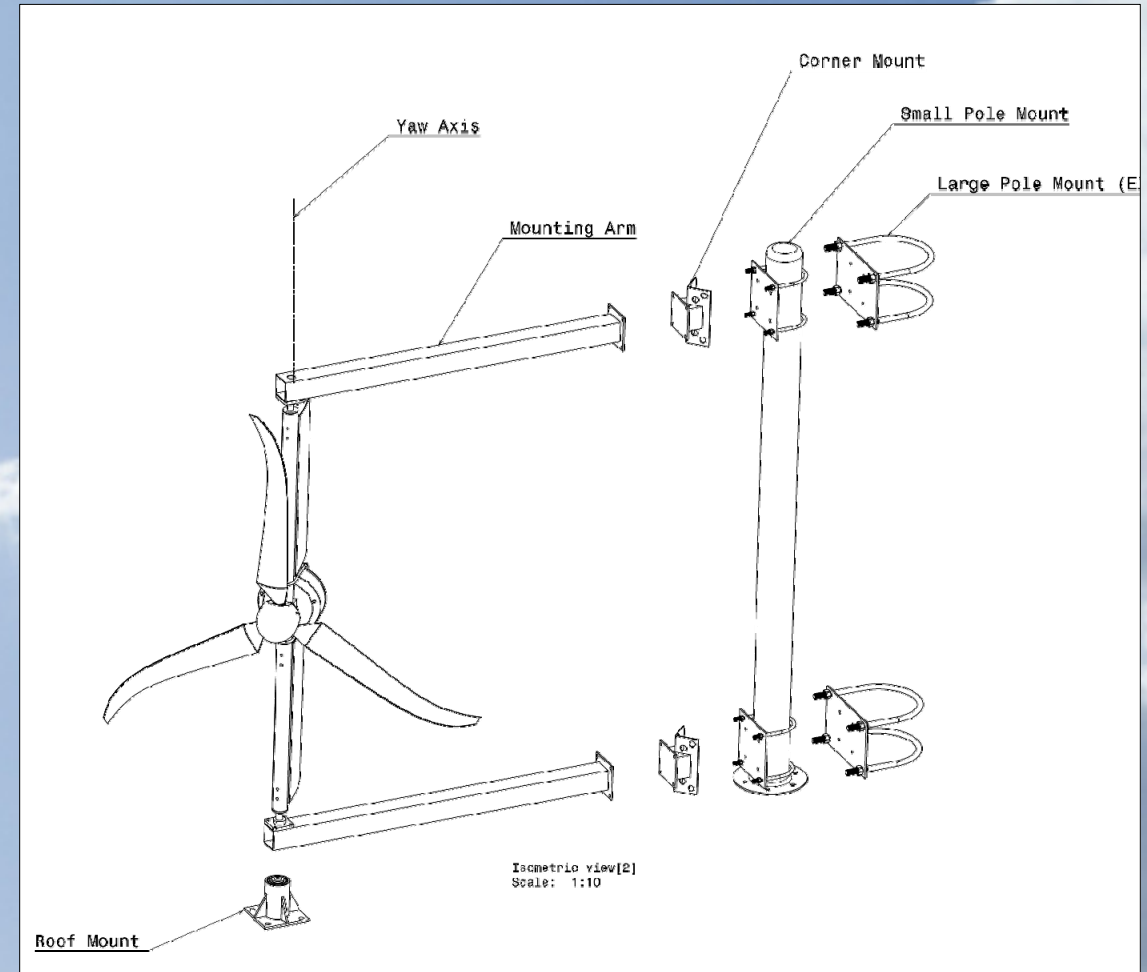
Modular Mounting System

- Can be mounted to various structures
- Interchangeable mounting hardware
- Same core system can accommodate various mounting arrangements

Roof mount:



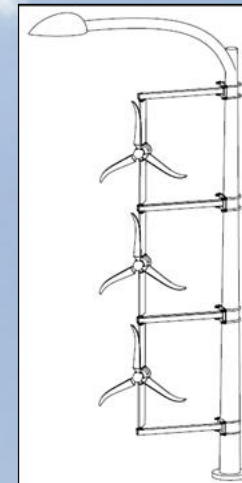
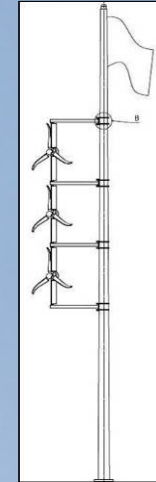
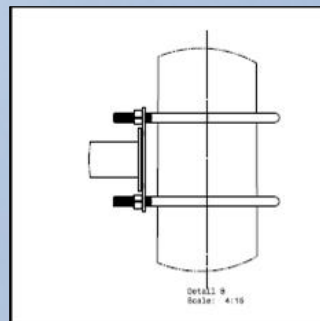
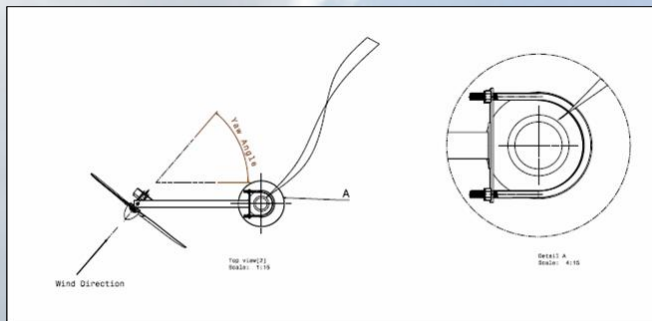
Pole or structure mount:



Modular Mounting System – Existing Poles

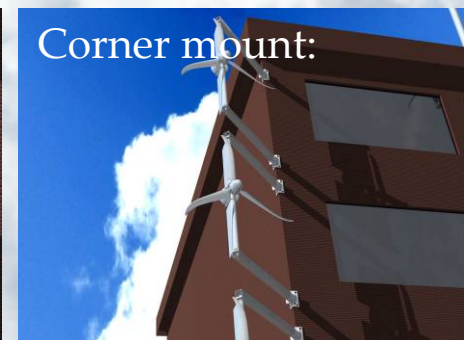
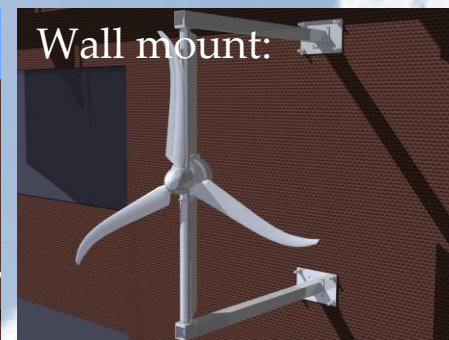
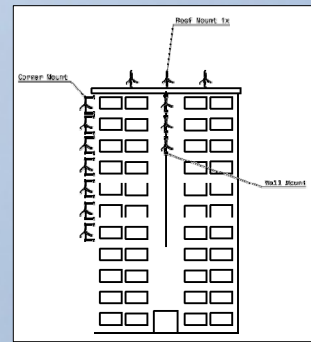
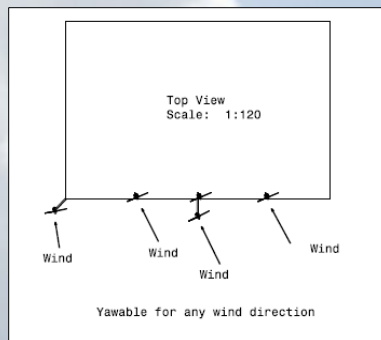
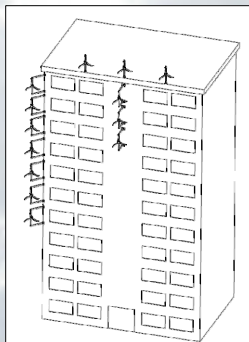
- Attaches to existing poles using U-bolts
- Does not require drilling or alteration of pole structure
- Various size U-bolts accommodate different diameter poles

U-bolt attachment:



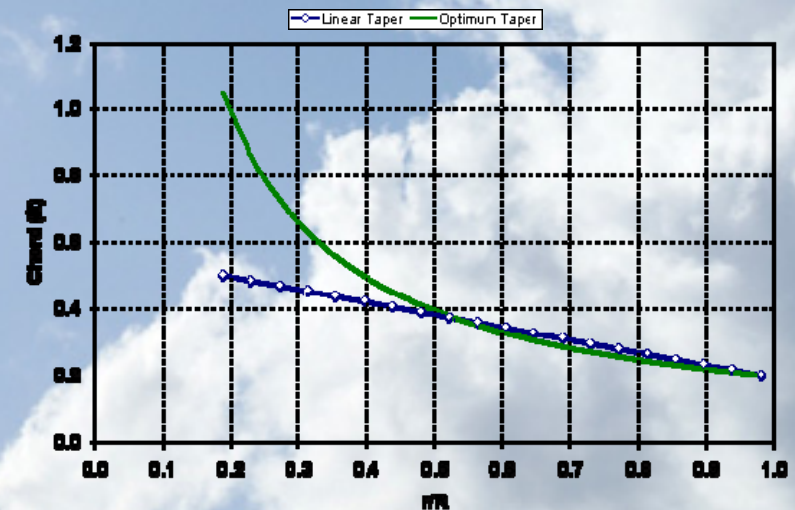
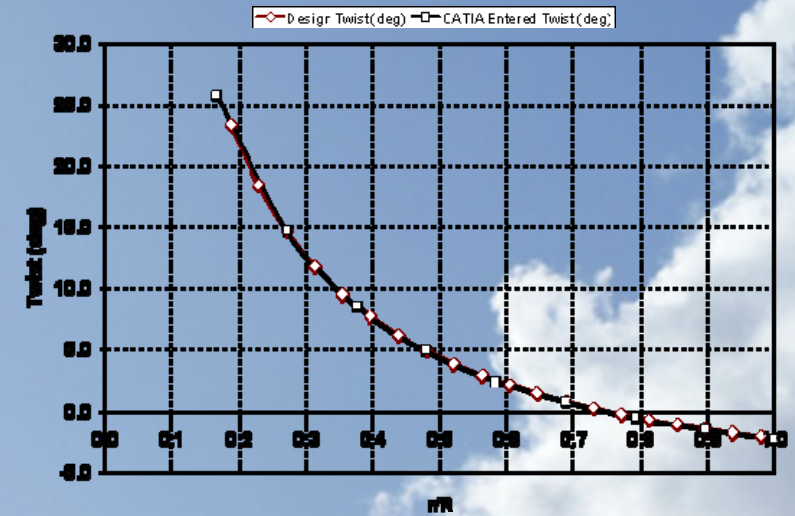
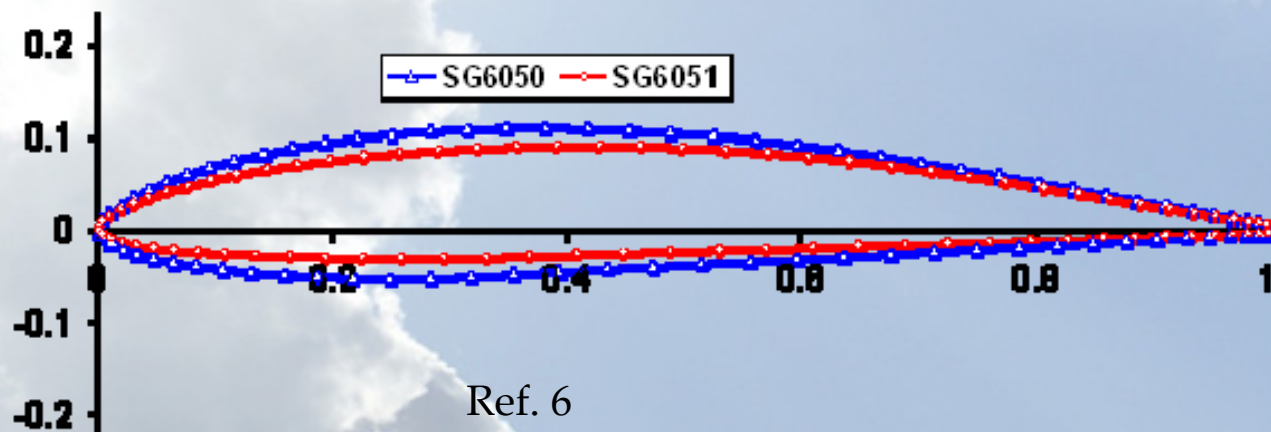
Modular Mounting System - Structure Mount

- Bolts into structure
- Similar to satellite dish install
- Can be accessed from windows or roof
- Yaws into wind direction
- Wind can be accelerated between structures



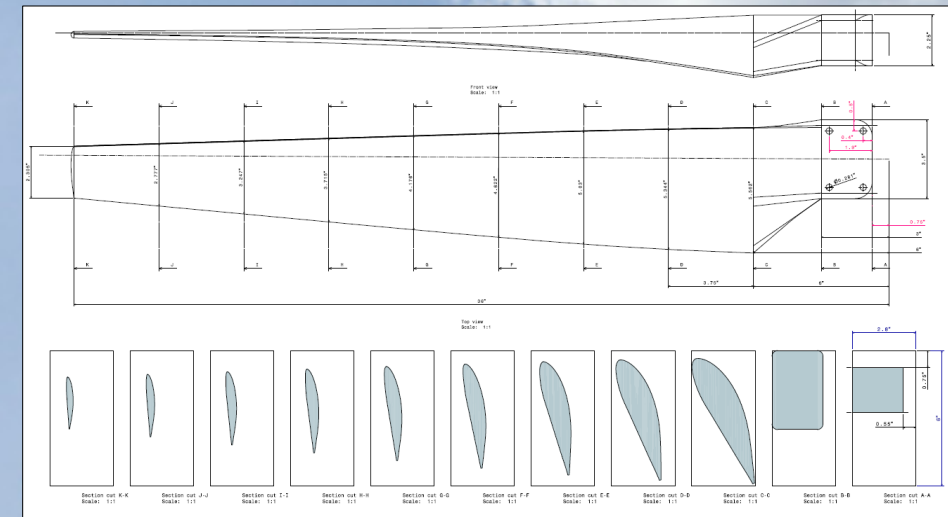
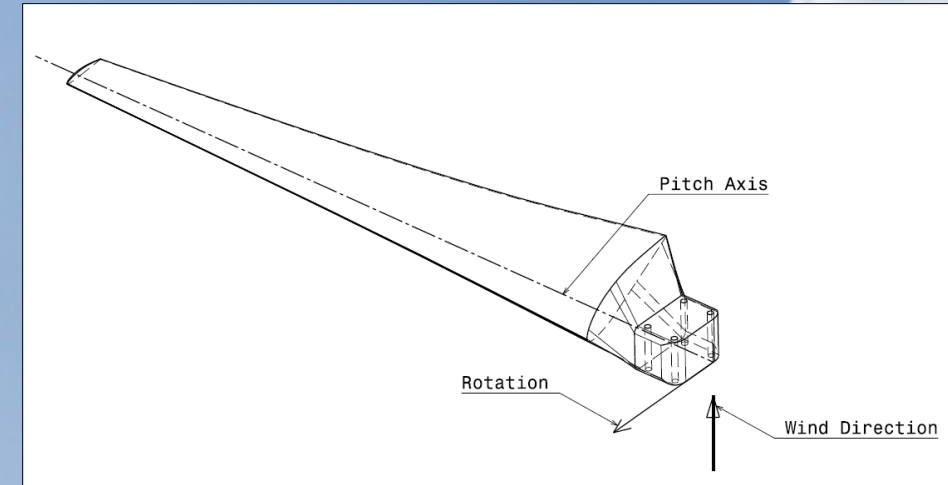
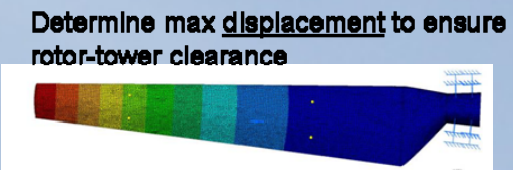
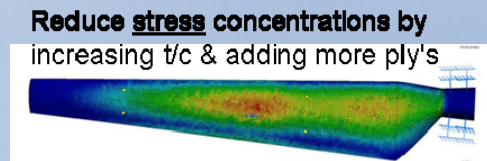
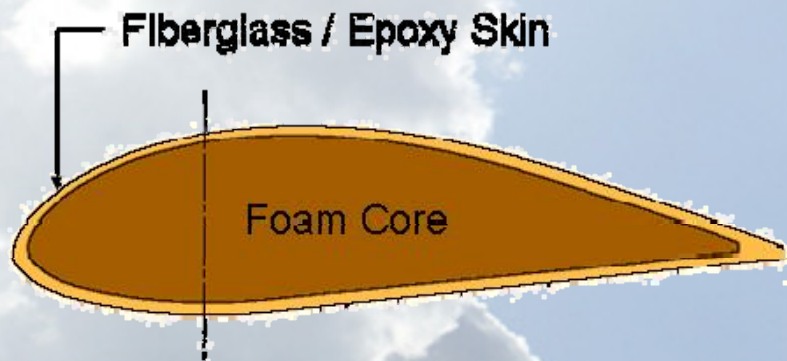
Small Wind Turbine Aerodynamic Design

- 3 bladed - 6 foot diameter, 1 kW rated @ 25 mph
- SG6050, SG6051 Airfoils are tailored for low Reynolds number, used on other small wind turbines
- Twist and taper optimized for low wind speed environment (~10 mph), tip speed ratio of 5.6



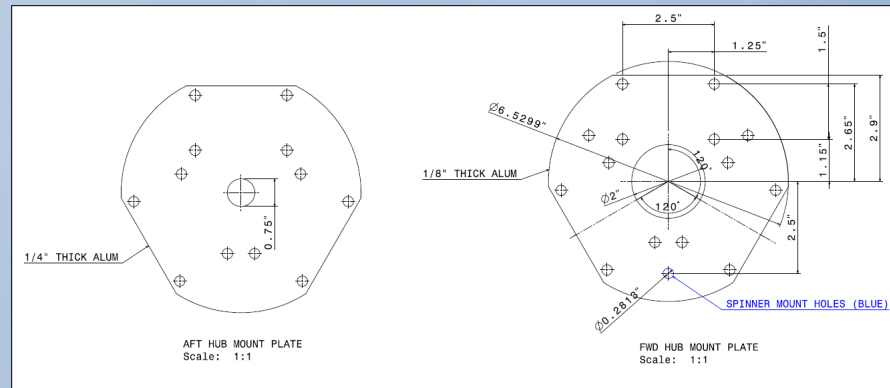
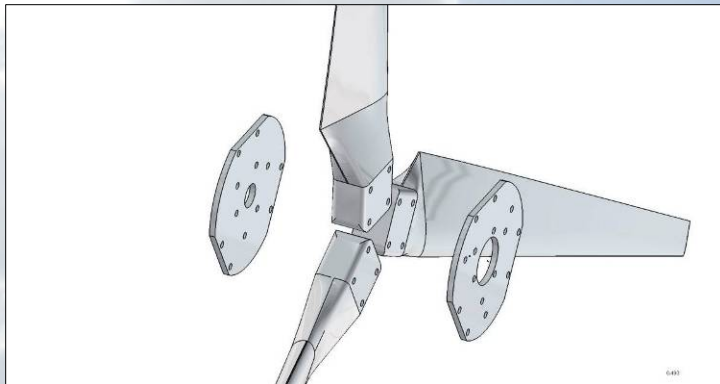
Blade Design

- 6 foot diameter
- Simple 4 bolt attachment
- Light weight Foam Core / Fiberglass Epoxy Skin
- Root airfoils are thicker to react bending moments



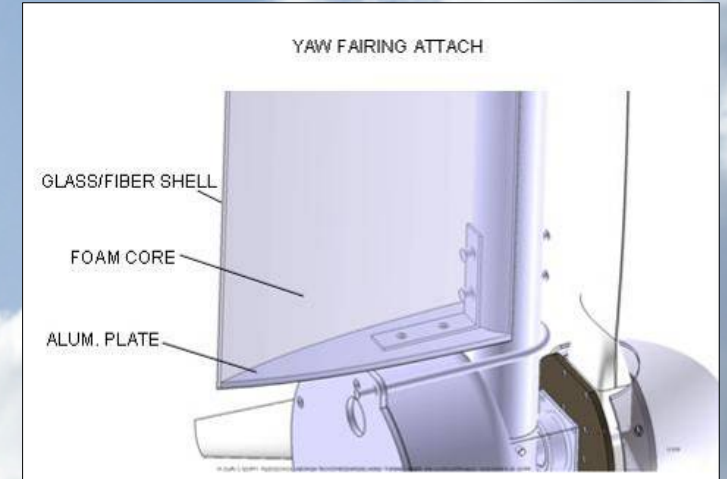
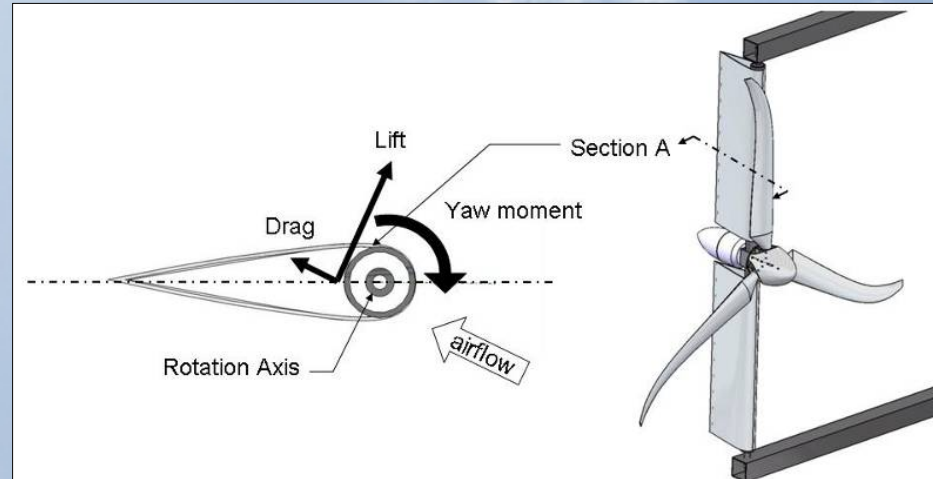
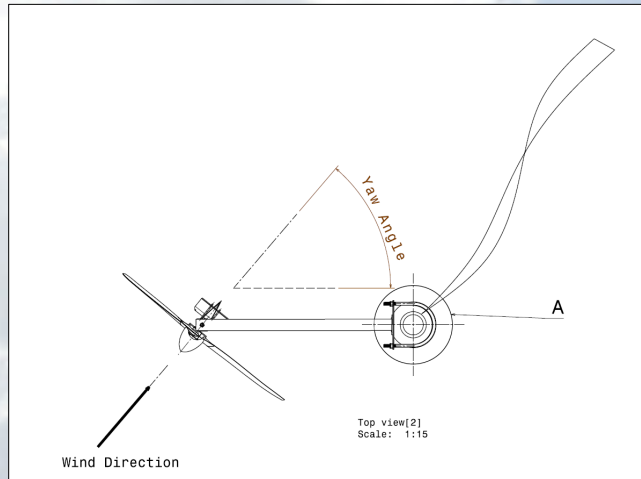
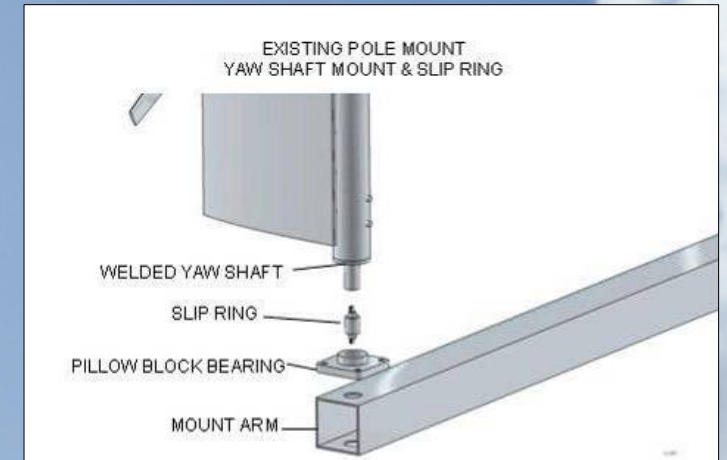
Hub Design

- Simple design, 2-part aluminum hub
- Blades are fixed between two plates
- 4 bolts are used to hold each blade in place
- 3 blades = 12 bolts



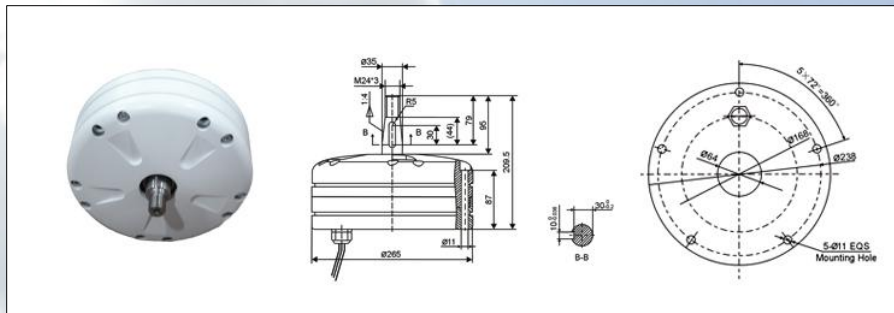
Yaw System Design

- Aligns the wind turbine into the wind direction
- Yaw system integrated into the yaw shaft
- Simple passive design uses airfoil shape fairing to generate lift and yaw the turbine
- Aesthetically pleasing compared to tail and fin design
- Power transmitted through slip ring

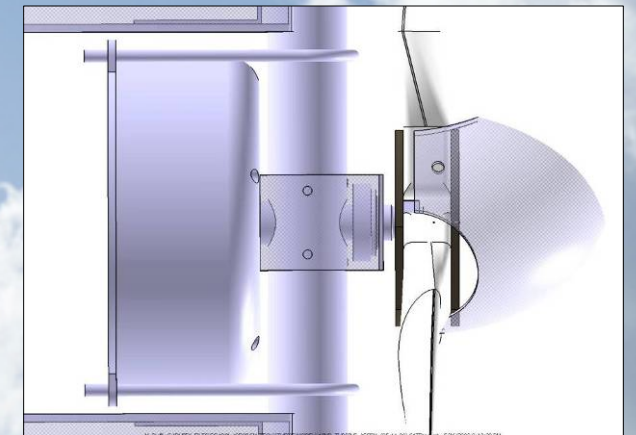
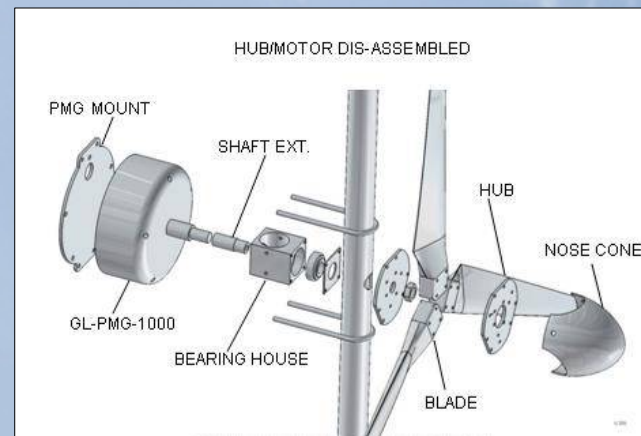


Generator and Mount Design

- Off-the-shelf 1.0 kW GL-PMG-1000 direct drive permanent magnet generator (PMG) manufactured by Ginlong
- PMG requires no gearbox to increase RPM
- Works at low RPM (many poles)
- Minimal machined parts to reduce cost
- Simple assembly



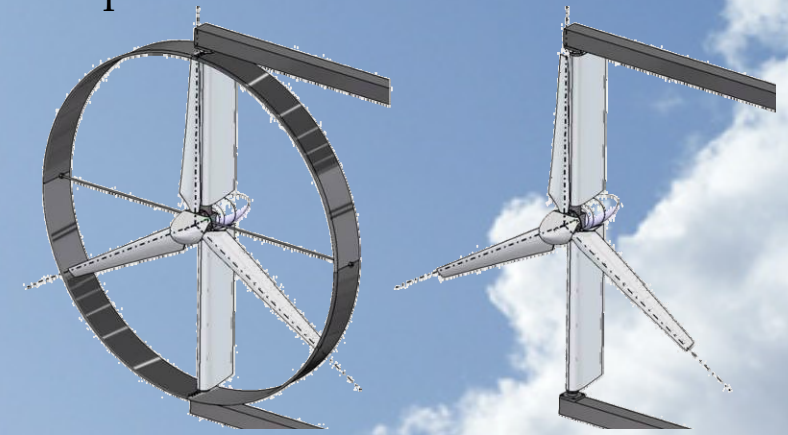
Ref. 2



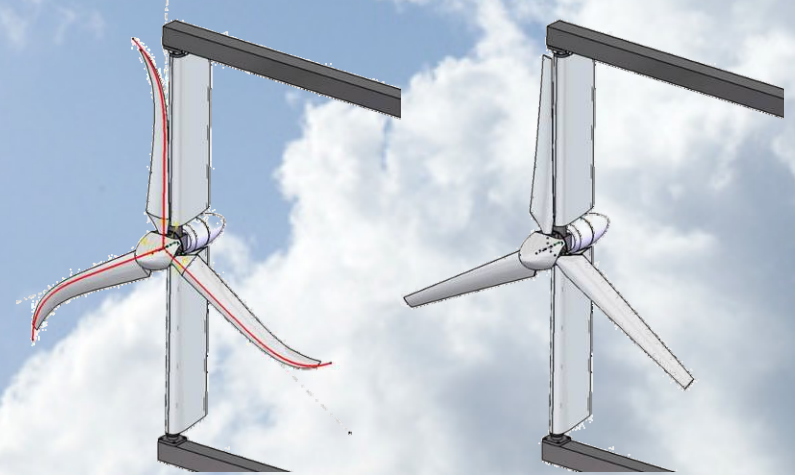
Optional Features for Urban Environments

- Optional duct to protect Avian wild life
- Duct reduces foreign object debris (FOD) from entering the wind turbine
- Optional swept tip blades reduce blade vortex interaction with trailing edge noise
- Swept tip blades are more aesthetically pleasing
 - Should not under estimate this in a populated area

Optional duct

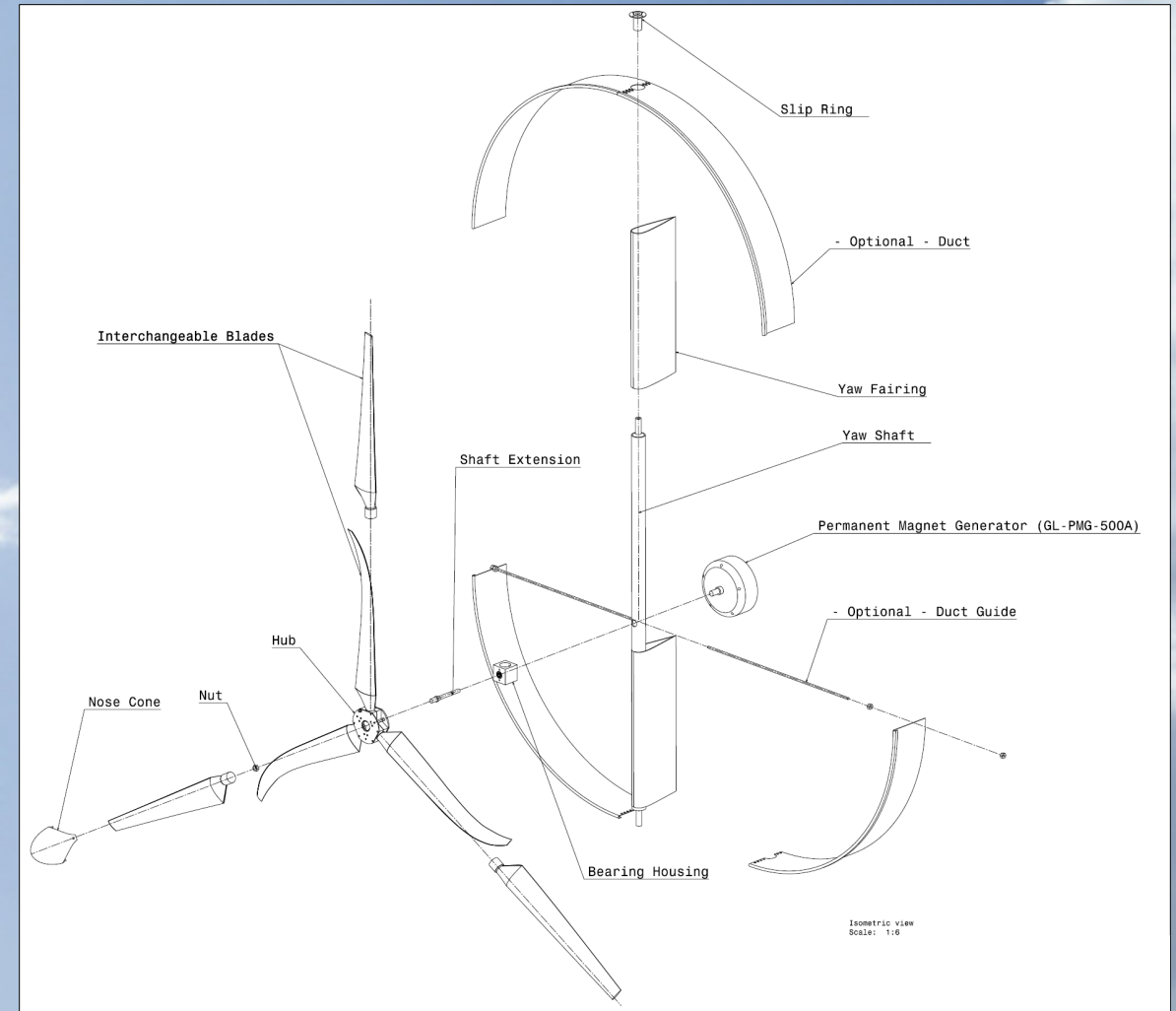


Optional swept tip blades

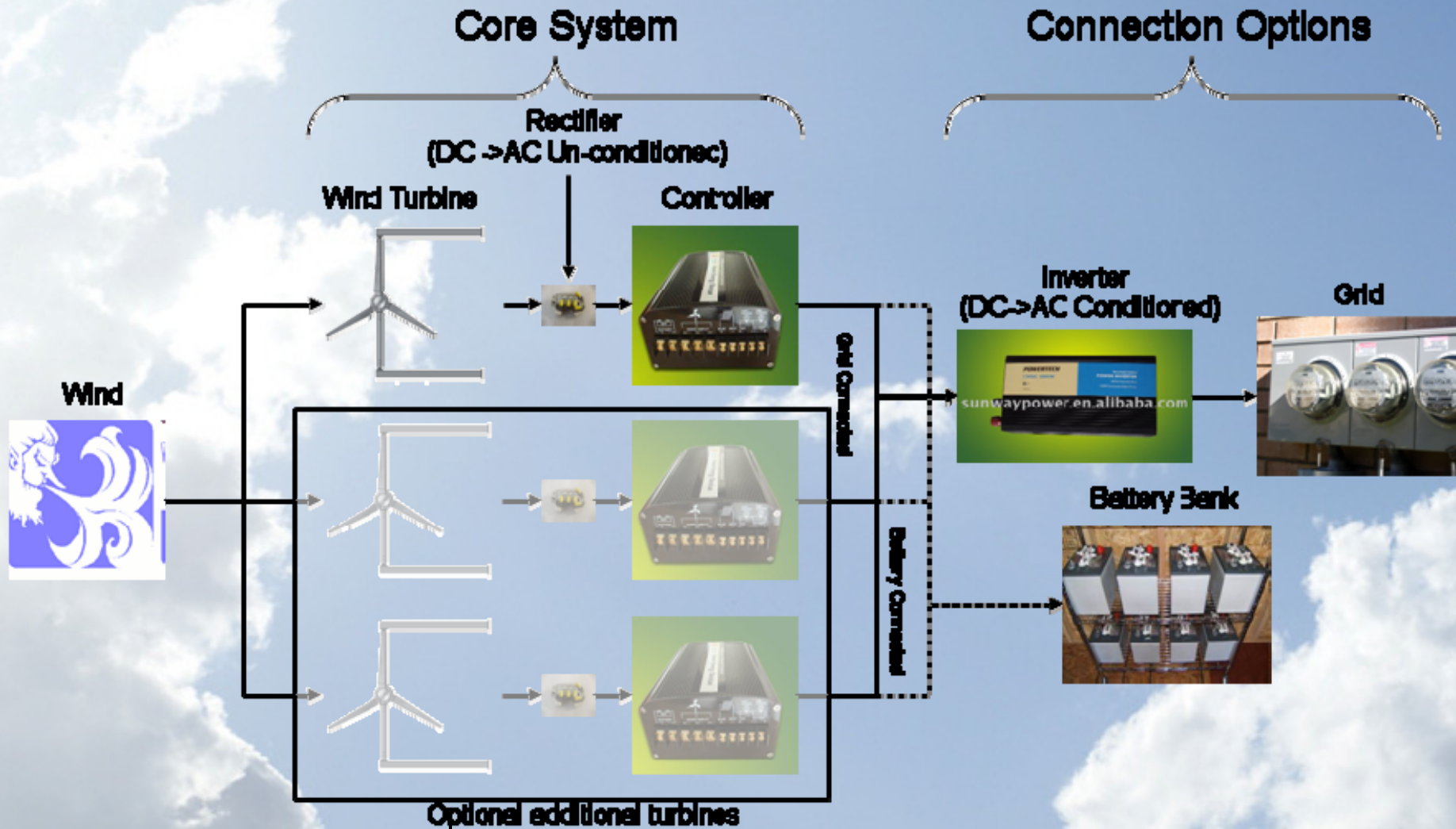


Unique Modularity

- System is easily assembled and disassembled
- Parts are interchangeable:
 - Blades, duct, fairings, PMG
- Interchangeability allows for easy repair
- Optional components allow core system to be lower cost
- Customer can pick and choose options that fit their needs
- Core system can be scaled up for larger models in the future

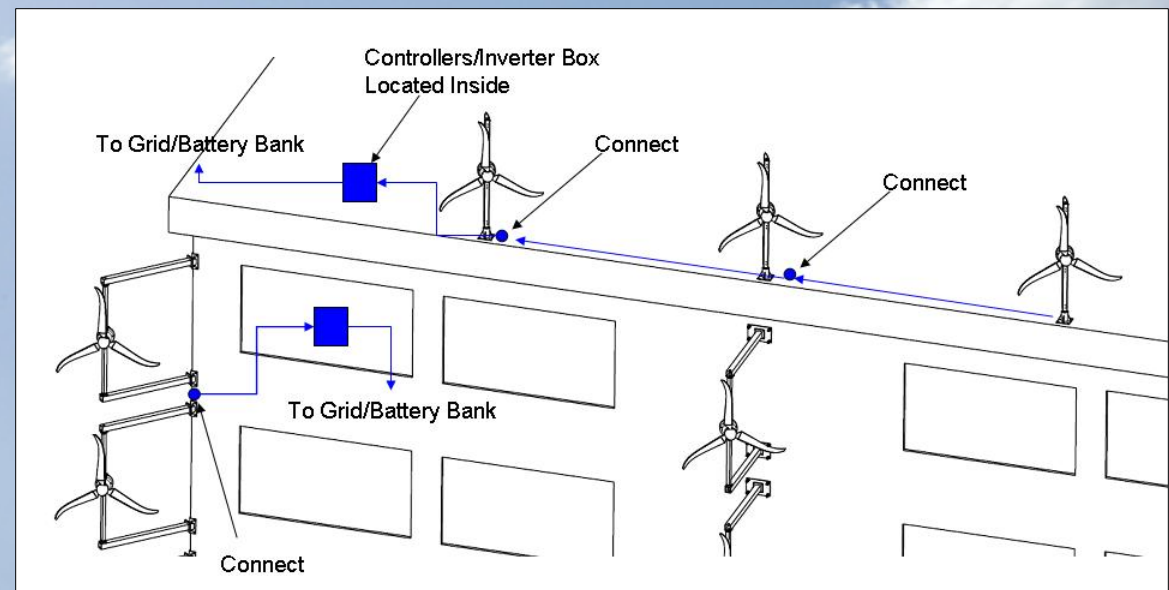
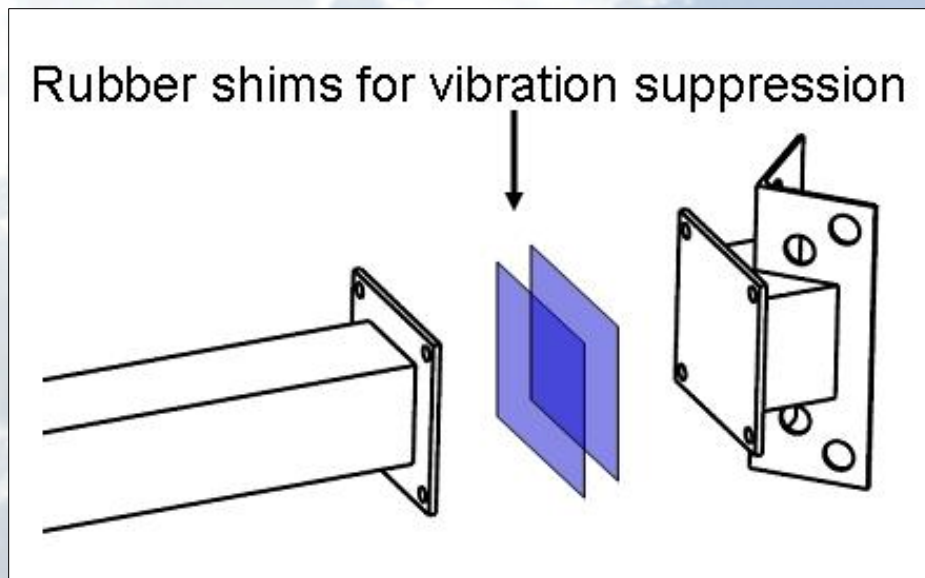


System Architecture



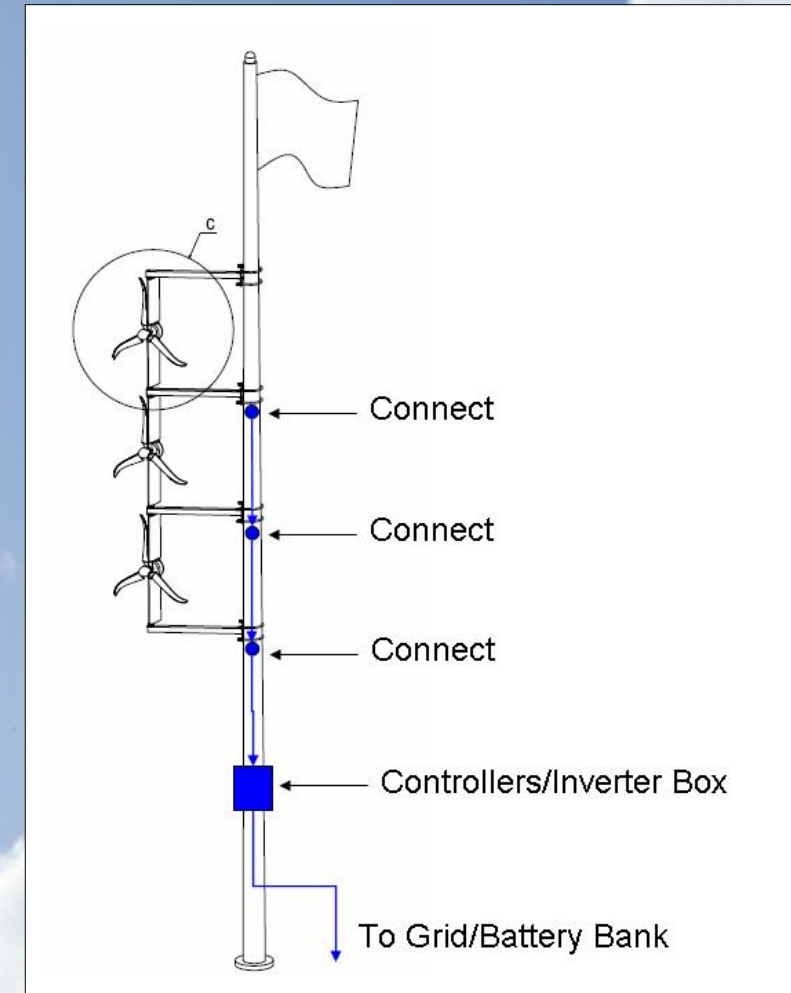
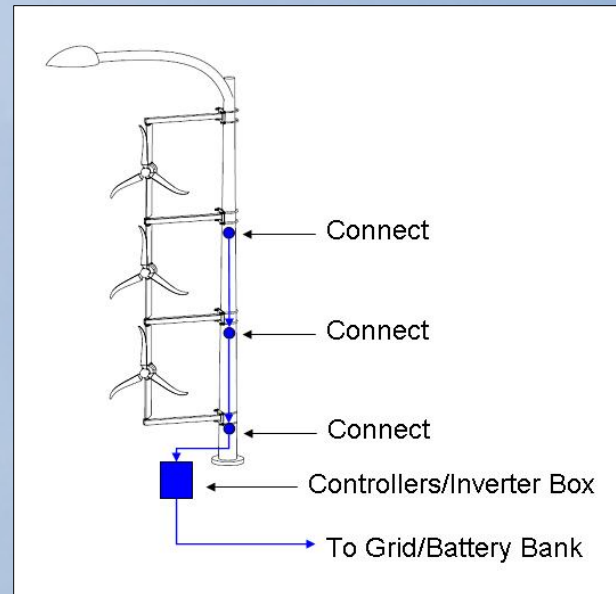
Compatibility with Urban Structures

- Building mounted turbines require vibration suppression
- Turbines can be connected together
- Controller and inverter box can be mounted inside or outside



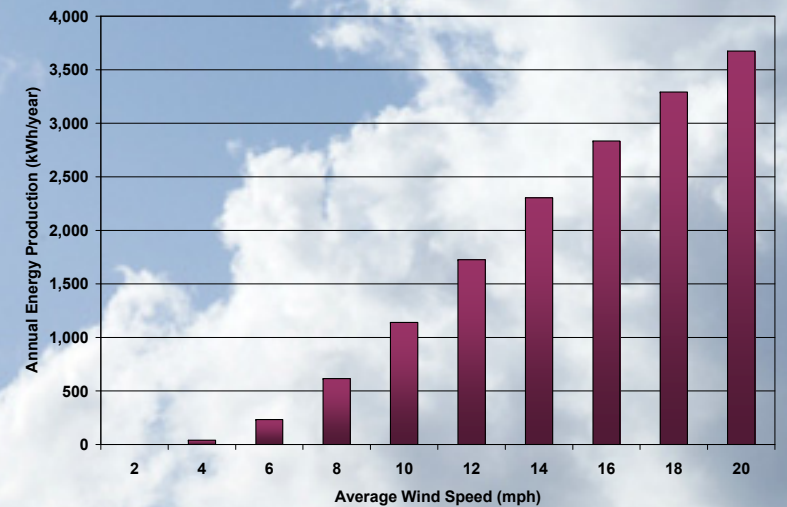
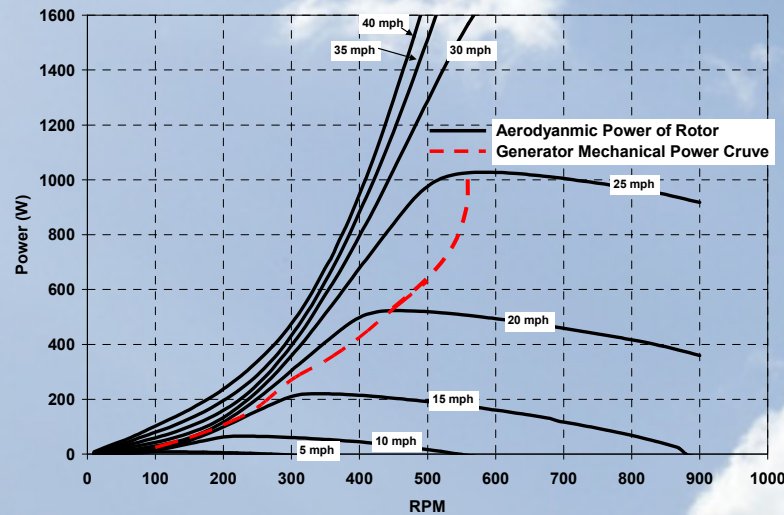
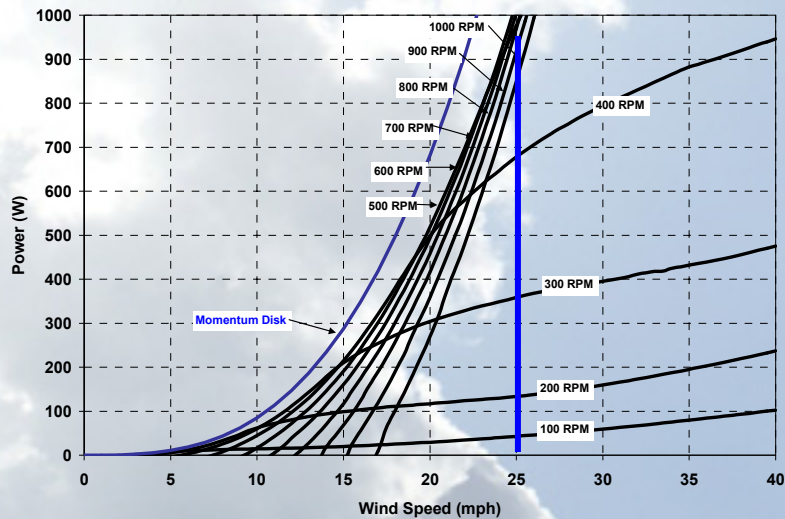
Compatibility with Urban Structures

- Pole mounted turbines can be connected together
- Controller and inverter box can be mounted at pole base or underground



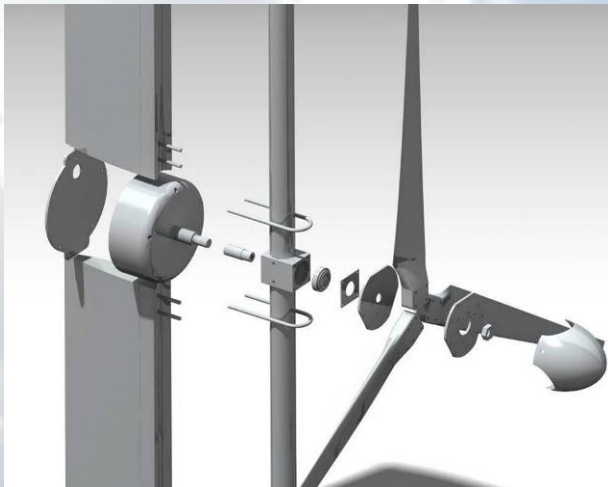
Wind Turbine Performance

- Performance calculated using WT_PERF 3.0, ref. [4]
- 3-bladed 6 foot diameter, rated at 1.0 kW at 25 mph
- Peak power is controlled by RPM
- Annual energy is >1,500 kWh/year at 12 mph average wind speed in urban wind environment



Cost to Manufacture

- Cost is based on 2010 \$
- Includes controller and grid-tie inverter
- Cost is calculated assuming 1,000 unit production run
- Total cost to manufacture per unit is \$1,899



1000W - 6 Foot Diameter - Structure Mounted Wind Turbine	
Part	Price (Per piece)
Power Components	\$ 1,062.54
Charge Controller	\$ 97.94
Inverter - Power converter 1000W 12Vdc to 120Vac pure sin	\$ 170.10
GL-PMG-1000A	\$ 722.50
Rectifier Kit	\$ 25.00
Generator Mount Hardware	\$ 30.00
Slip Ring	\$ 7.00
50 ft Wire	\$ 10.00
Machined	\$ 530.13
Yaw Shaft (6', 2.5"OD, t=0.188	\$ 108.04
Alloy 4130 Steel Precision Shim Bushing Stock 1" OD, 1/2" I	\$ 54.40
1.00" Propeller Shaft Bearing (Square Mount, Derlin, No mai	\$ 32.41
0.75" Propeller Shaft Bearing (Square Mount, Derlin, No mai	\$ 32.41
Bearing Mount 2"x3" Aluminum Block	\$ 42.50
Hub - 2x 0.125" Aluminum Rounds	\$ 100.00
Zinc-Plated Steel U-Bolt W/Plate, 3/8"-16X1-1/4" L Thrd, for	\$ 17.14
Low-Carbon Steel Square Tube 3-1/2" X 3-1/2", .125" Wall T	\$ 57.92
Low-Carbon Steel Sheet 1/4" Thick, 12" X 12"	\$ 31.93
Low-Carbon Steel 90 Degree Angle 1/4" Thick, 4" Leg Lengtl	\$ 53.39
Blades / Fairings	\$ 306.00
Blades (3x set)	\$ 189.00
Nose Cone	\$ 36.00
Blade Hardware	\$ 15.00
Yaw Fairing	\$ 66.00
Total Hardware (Turbine + Grid Connect) Cost	\$ 1,898.67

Cost to Customer

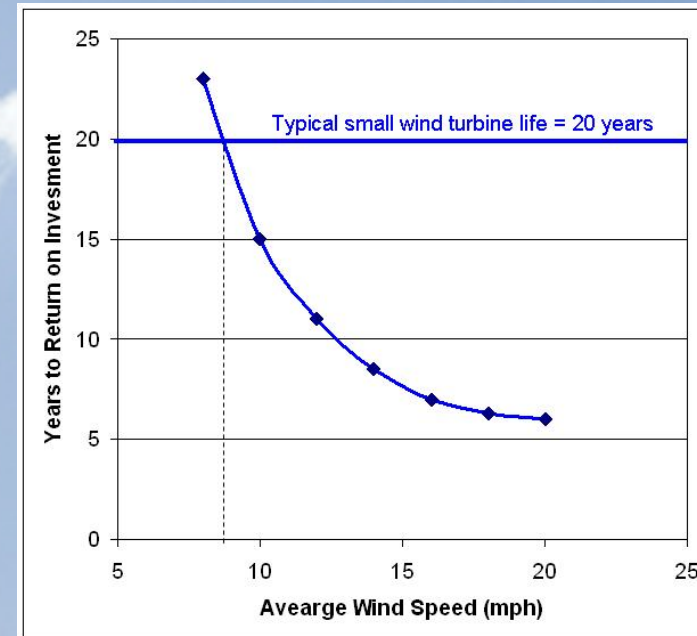
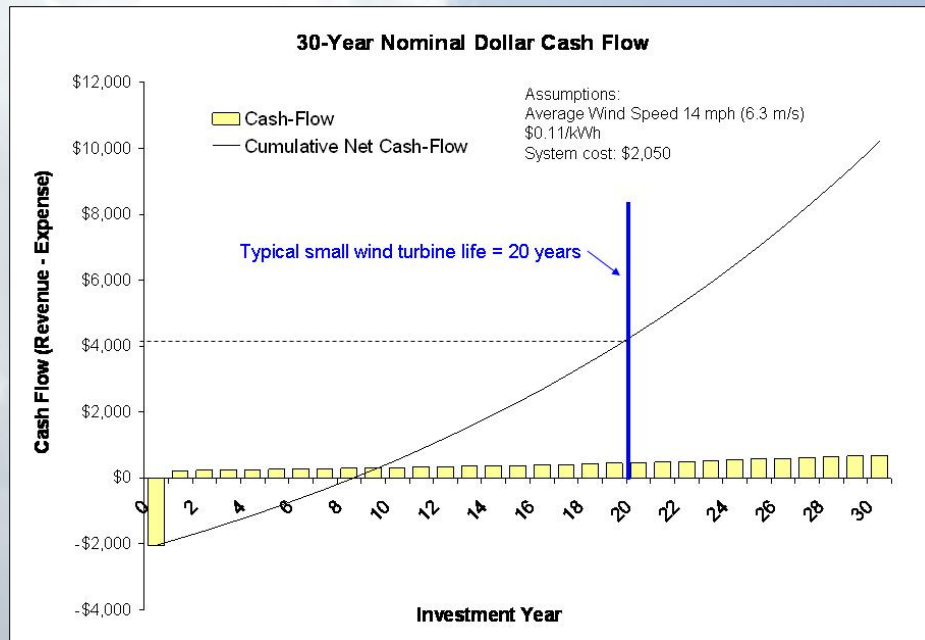
- Operation cost: engineering support (5%), sales (15%), and profit (15%) are added to the manufacturing cost
- Installation Cost (10%)
- A 30% US federal tax credit is applied
- Total cost to customer comes to \$2,051 per unit

1000W - 6 Foot Diameter - Structure Mounted Wind Turbine	
Part	Price (Per piece)
Power Components	\$ 1,062.54
Machined	\$ 530.13
Blades / Fairings	\$ 306.00
<hr/>	
Total Hardware (Turbine + Grid Connect) Cost	\$ 1,898.67
<hr/>	
Operating Cost	
Engineering Support (5%)	\$ 94.93
Sales/Infustructure (15%)	\$ 284.80
Profit	
Profit (15%)	\$ 284.80
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Total Cost	\$ 2,563.21
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Customer Cost	
Installation Cost (10%)	\$ 256.32
Tax Credit (30%)	\$ (768.96)
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Total Customer Cost (System Installed + Grid Connected)	\$ 2,050.57



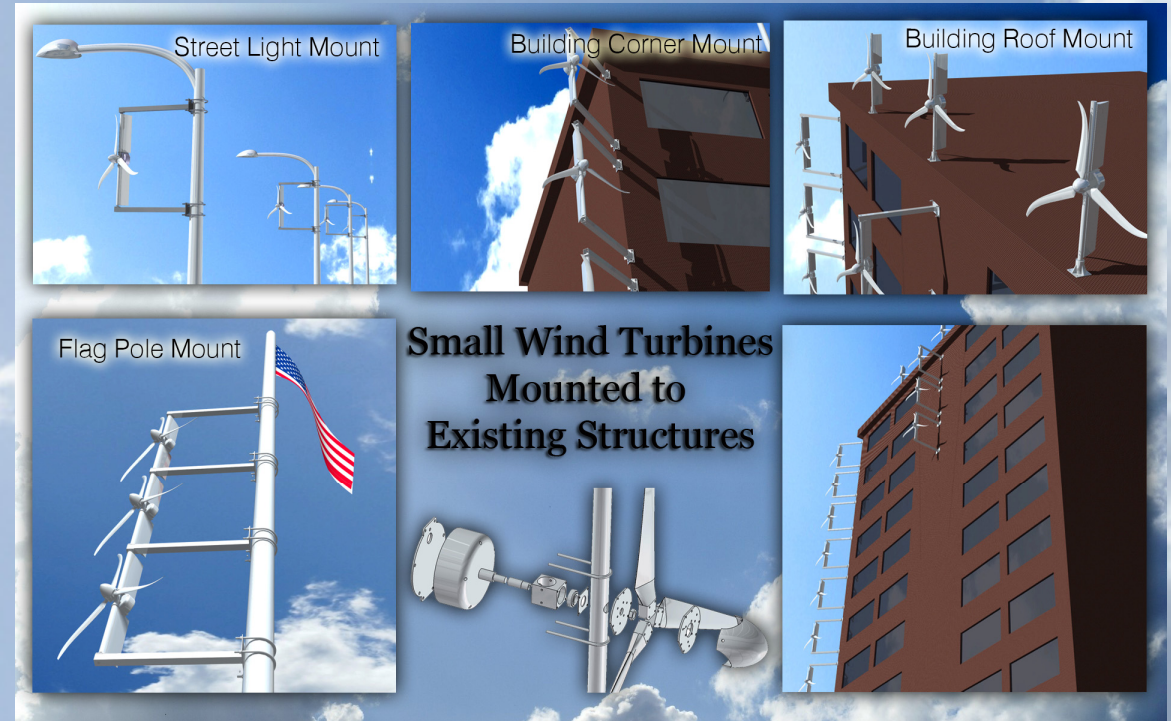
Return on Investment

- Return on investment at 14 mph (6.3 m/s) average wind speed would be 8 years
- Over the 20 year design life the system would yield a 2x (\$4,100) return on investment
- Minimum break even average wind speed must be >9 mph



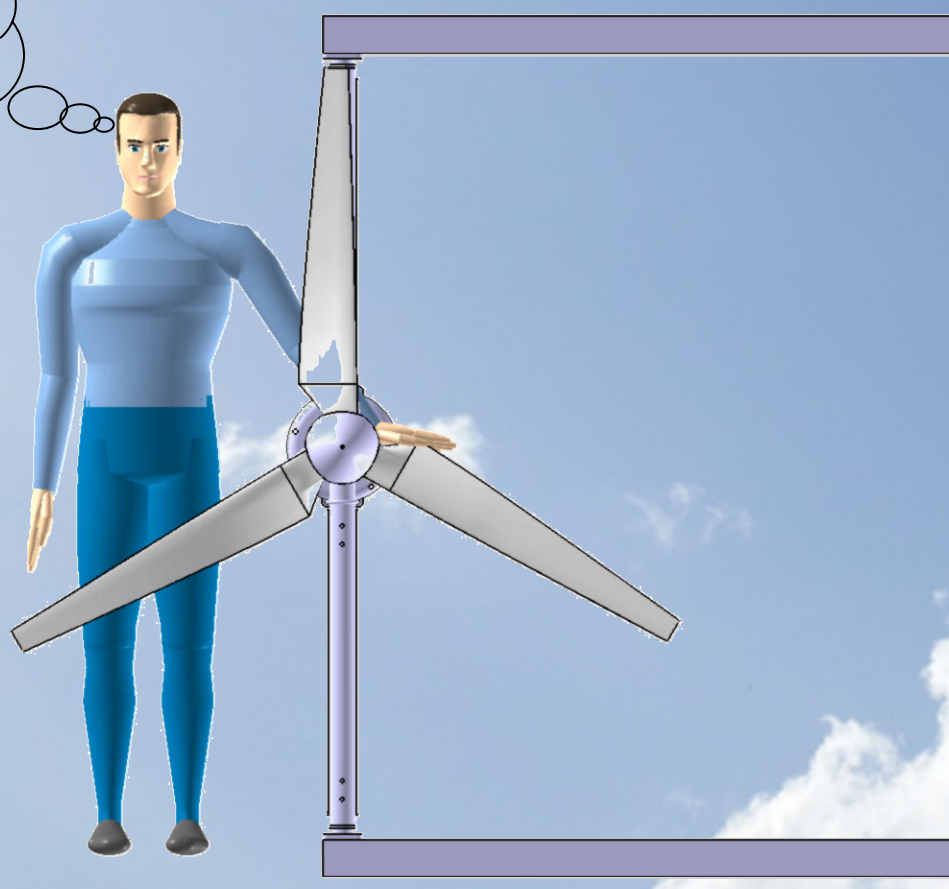
Summary

- Urban mounted wind turbine can be economically viable
- To ensure viability, a Web-based Wind Assessment System (WWAS) was introduced
- The proposed system prevents potential small wind turbine customers from over-predicting their local wind resource, thus saving time and labor
- To complement the WWAS a modular mounting system for small wind turbines was designed
- This system allows mounting to various urban structures (via interchangeable hardware)
- These two systems combined can further the viability of small wind turbines mounted to existing urban structures



Questions

Man,
where can
I get one?

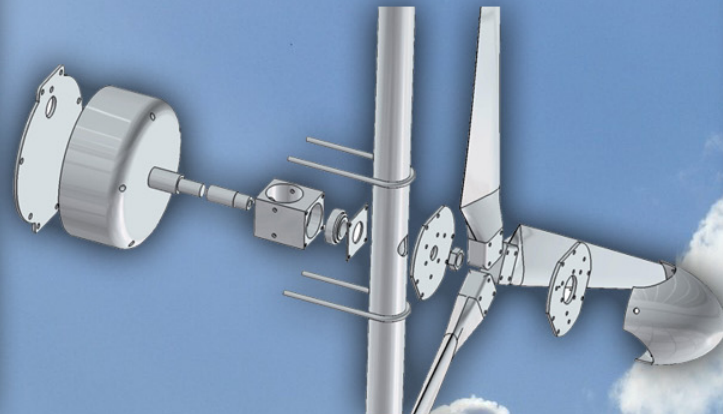


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M. Duffy C:\DUFFY FILES\SCHOOL (GEORGIA TECH)\THESIS\MODEL\WIND TURBINE_ASSEM (07-04-09).CATProduct - 7/12/2009 7:54:53 AM



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References

1. American Wind Energy Association, *"2009 Small Wind Turbine Global Market Study"*, 2008
2. Ginlong Technologies, "<http://www.ginlong.com/>", 2010
3. Department of Business Enterprise and Regulatory Reform (BERR), *"Microgeneration Installation Standard"*, U.K., MIS 3003: Issue 1.2, February, 25, 2008
4. Marshall L. Buhl, Jr, National Renewable Energy Laboratory, *"WT_PERF USER'S GUIDE"*, June 21, 2004
5. Met Office, accompany the Carbon Trust report, Small-scale Wind Energy – Policy insights and practical guidance *"Small-scale wind energy - Technical Report"*, July 2008
6. Selig, Michael S., McGranahan, Bryan D., *"Wind Tunnel Aerodynamic Tests of Six Airfoils for Use on Small Wind Turbines"*, October 31, 2002–January 31, 2003
7. Windmonitoring.com, 2010
8. Windpoweringamerica.gov, 2010
9. CAD models were designed using Dassault Systemes, CATIA V5